America's Army — Decisive Capabilities

America's Army provides superb light, heavy, and special operations forces to the Joint Force Commander. To



compel our enemies, the Army is capable of conducting sustained, high tempo land warfare under all conditions—day and night. In December 1989 President George Bush ordered over 21,000 U.S. Army soldiers to Panama during Operation JUST CAUSE. Their mission: support democracy for the people of Panama and protect American citizens. Less

than a year later, over 335,000 U.S. Army soldiers deployed to the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. This deployment culminated in the liberation of Kuwait in February 1991 during Operation DESERT STORM. In September 1994 President Clinton ordered over 18,000 U.S. soldiers to Haiti in Operation UPHOLD DEMOCRACY, restoring order and the elected Haitian government to power.

The commitment of American soldiers was the ultimate expression of our national resolve. Success was ensured because of the multiple capabilities built into a force that allows the nation to commit it, without reservation, into any situation—because we know it will succeed.



Another alternative to prevent conflict rests in our Armed Forces strength and capability to *deter* potential adversaries. Forward deployed Army forces are America's strongest deterrent signal. They represent U.S. commitment to our allies and friends. With preposi-

tioned equipment and greatly improved strategic mobility, the Army can move quickly to a theater of operations, establish a presence, and convince potential adversaries